PAY FOR SUCCESS PROJECT DESIGN OPTIONS: IMPROVING MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH

Improve birth and early childhood development outcomes and reduce maltreatment in lowincome families by providing home visiting for expectant mothers



Compared to other developed countries, the U.S. has some of the worst maternal and child health outcomes, particularly regarding preterm birth rates, infant mortality, and maternal death



Birth outcomes in the U.S. are worse for women of color. For non-Hispanic black women, the infant mortality rate is nearly double that of white women



Research done by the Heckman Equation shows that high-quality birth-to-five programs for disadvantaged children can deliver a 13% per year return on investment, realized through better outcomes in education, health, social behaviors, and employment

PFS PROGRAM DESIGN OPTIONS¹

Target Population Image: Women who are pregnant Image: Medicaid eligible mothers
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Outcomes	 Reduction of hypertensive disorders during pregnancy Reduction of pre-term births Reduction of child abuse and neglect, as measured by child hospitalization and ER usage due to injury Increase in healthy spacing between births Increase in maternal employment Increase in smoking cessation Increase in school readiness and success
Measurement	 Validation of administrative data Pre-post assessment Historical baseline comparison Matched comparison (contemporaneous or historical) Randomized control trial (RCT)

1. These options represent areas that Social Finance has explored as suitable for Pay for Success; options shown here are not exhaustive.



PAY FOR SUCCESS IN ACTION: SOUTH CAROLINA NURSE FAMILY PARTNERSHIP PROJECT

Launched in 2016, the South Carolina Nurse-Family Partnership Project is the nation's first Pay for Success project focused on improving health outcomes for women and children in poverty. The project braids \$17 M in philanthropic funding with \$13 M via a 1915(b) Medicaid waiver, to serve 3,200 low-income, first-time mothers and their babies. The project will double Nurse-Family Partnership (NFP)'s capacity to serve families in South Carolina.

THE CHALLENGE



More than 280,000 children in South Carolina (27%) live in poverty. More than half of babies in the state are born to low-income mothers who qualify for Medicaid. Growing up in poverty can be harmful to a child's cognitive development, health, school performance, social and emotional well-being.



Mothers struggling with poverty are at higher risk for poor birth outcomes such as delivering premature babies or babies who weigh too little.

THE OPPORTUNITY

The South Carolina Nurse-Family Partnership project presents opportunity for:

Long-term and Lasting Results: The project provides increased support for healthy pregnancies and sets children up for successful early childhood development

Sustainability: Braiding Medicaid funding with philanthropic funding provides pathway for the state to provide NFP to more mothers. Philanthropic funders will also recycle outcome payments to further scale NFP

Innovation and Learning: The project uses a rigorous evaluation to understand the efficacy of NFP and provide insights in how to scale this program while minimizing taxpayer cost and maximizing impact

PROJECT TERMS

PFS Program Terms	 Target Population: Low-income, first-time mothers Intervention: NFP's evidence-based intervention Outcomes: (1) Reduction in pre-term births; (2) Reduction in child hospitalization and ER usage related to injury; (3) Increase in healthy birth spacing; (4) Number of mothers served in low-income zip codes Measurement: Randomized control trial
Financial Terms	 Scale: 4,000 families (3,200 through Medicaid waiver, 800 through MEICHV) Maximum Outcome Payments: \$7.5 M Outcome Payment Schedule: Payments possible in 4th and 5th year after project launch, contingent on outcomes achieved Term: 4 years of service delivery, 5 year investment term

